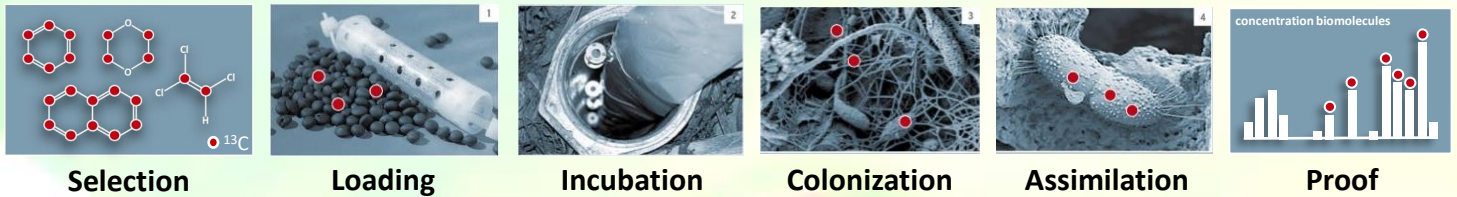




## In situ Microcosms – BACTRAPs®

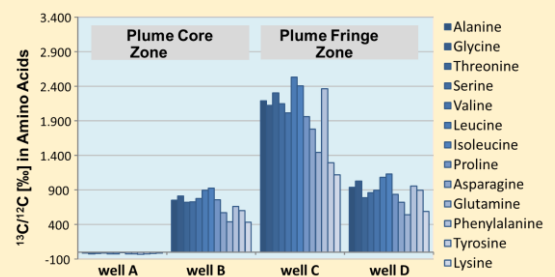
BACTRAPs are *in situ* microcosms loaded with a  $^{13}\text{C}$ -labeled contaminant to sensitively prove its biodegradation directly at a polluted site. During exposure in a groundwater well, the microcosms are colonized by microorganisms. If microorganisms degrade the  $^{13}\text{C}$ -labeled compound, the  $^{13}\text{C}$ -label will be transformed into the biomass and can be traced within biomolecules.  $^{13}\text{C}$  accumulation in the biomolecules provides a highly sensitive and clear evidence for *in situ* biodegradation of the target contaminant. The comparison of  $^{13}\text{C}$  accumulation in the biomolecules at different areas of the plume allows a relative quantification of local degradation intensities.



### Applicable contaminants for BACTRAP approach

- Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)
- Gasoline additives (MTBE, ETBE, TBA)
- BTEX and further alkylated monoaromatic compounds
- Chlorinated hydrocarbons (if carbon source)
- Pesticides and pharmaceuticals
- all chemicals that can be labeled by  $^{13}\text{C}$

### Relative comparison in investigated plume areas



### Workflow

- In a joint concept, we select target contaminants and spots of the field site to be investigated.
- We will send the BACTRAPs and easy installation protocols so that the client can deploy them at the field site. Alternatively, we set up the installation directly.
- The BACTRAPs are incubated for 1-3 months in groundwater wells depending on redox conditions.
- For removal, we provide equipment, transport boxes and protocols.
- We quantify colonizing microorganisms and analyze  $^{13}\text{C}$ -content of biomarkers within 2 - 4 weeks.
- Our expertise provide information on *in situ* biodegradation of the target contaminant including a relative comparison of microbial activity in investigated plume areas.

### Outcome

Sensitive and semi-quantitative evidence of *in situ* biodegradation

### Costs

1.500 - 3.000 € per BACTRAP

### Processing time

4 - 6 months

### Further reading

Bahr A, Fischer A, Vogt C, Bombach P (2015): Evidence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon biodegradation in a contaminated aquifer by combined application of *in situ* and laboratory microcosms using  $^{13}\text{C}$ -labelled target compounds. *Water Res.* 69: 100-109.

Bombach P, Nägele N, Rosell M, Richnow H H, Fischer A (2015): Evaluation of ethyl tert-butyl ether biodegradation in a contaminated aquifer by compound-specific isotope analysis and *in situ* microcosms. *J. Hazard. Mater.* 286: 100-106.

Fischer A, Manefield M, Bombach P (2016): Application of stable isotope tools for evaluating natural and stimulated biodegradation of organic pollutants in field studies. *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 41: 99-107.

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